



Safety Data Sheet

BOSS® 323 Hi-Temp Blue Gasket Maker Pressure Can

Section 1. Identification

Product Identifier BOSS® 323 Hi-Temp Blue Gasket Maker Pressure Can
Synonyms 32308
Manufacturer Stock Numbers 01304BL01

Recommended use Refer to Technical Information
Uses advised against Refer to Technical Information

Manufacturer Contact
Address Soudal Accumetric
350 Ring Road
Elizabethtown, KY, 42701
USA

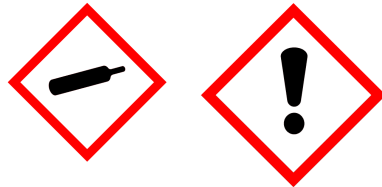
Phone	Emergency Phone	Fax
(270) 769-3385	(800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC	(270) 765-2412

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Classification EYE DAMAGE/IRRITATION - Category 2A
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Signal Word Warning

Pictogram



Hazard Statements	Causes serious eye irritation Causes skin irritation Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
Precautionary Statements	
Response	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Prevention	Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective gloves.
Storage	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.
Ingredients of unknown toxicity	0%
Hazards not Otherwise Classified	
Additional Information	None known

Section 3. Ingredients

CAS	Ingredient Name	Weight %
75-37-6	Difluoroethane (propellant)	1% - 5%
64742-46-7	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	5% - 10%
7631-86-9	Amorphous silica	5% - 10%

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-Aid Measures

Description of necessary first aid measures	<p>Eye Contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.</p> <p>Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention</p>
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immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin Contact

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Ingestion

Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Skin contact

Causes skin irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness

Inhalation

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness

Ingestion

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Note

See toxicological information (Section 11).

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	None known
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, halogenated compounds, carbonyl halides, metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire fighters	No special precaution is required.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	<p>For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</p> <p>For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".</p> <p>Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).</p>
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	<p>Small spill Move containers from spill area. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.</p> <p>Large spill Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Do not dry sweep. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for</p>

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational Exposure Limits

Ingredient Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	STEL
Difluoroethane (propellant)	Not established	Not established	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	5 mg/m ³	5 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³
Amorphous silica	10 mg/m ³	6 mg/m ³	Not Est.

Personal Protective Equipment

Goggles, Gloves

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or gases. If contact is possible, the following protection

should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Paste
Color	Blue
Odor	Acetic acid
Odor Threshold	No data available
Solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient Water/n-octanol	No data available
VOC%	23 g/L
Viscosity	Not applicable
Specific Gravity	1.007
Density lbs/Gal	N/A
Pounds per Cubic Foot	N/A
Flash Point	100C
FP Method	Closed Cup
Ph	Not applicable
Melting Point	No data available
Boiling Point	Not applicable

	There is no data available.
	Reproductive toxicity: There is no data available.
	Teratogenicity: There is no data available.
	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): There is no data available.
	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): There is no data available.
	Aspiration hazard: There is no data available.
Information on the likely routes of exposure	Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects	Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation
	Inhalation Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
	Skin contact Causes skin irritation.
	Ingestion Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness
	Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness
	Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term	Short term exposure Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Long term exposure Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health effects	General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates: There is no data available.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Toxicity	There is no data available.
Persistence and degradability	There is no data available.
Bioaccumulative potential	There is no data available.
Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information

UN Number	1950
UN Proper Shipping Name	Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity) (1,1-Difluoroethane)
DOT Classification	Transport hazard class: 2.1
Packing Group	-

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not available

Section 15. Regulatory Information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	All components are listed or exempted.
Clean Air Act (CAA)	Section 112 Regulated Flammable Substances 1,1-Difluoroethane
	Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Not listed
	Section 602 Class I Substances Not listed
	Section 602 Class II Substances Not listed
SARA	SARA 302/304 Composition/information on ingredients No products were found.
	SARA 304 RQ Not applicable
	SARA 311/312 Classification Sudden release of pressure Immediate (acute) health hazard
State Regulations	Massachusetts The following components are listed: Silicon dioxide; 1,1-Difluoroethane
	New York None of the components are listed.
	New Jersey The following components are listed: 1,1-Difluoroethane
	Pennsylvania The following components are listed: Silicon dioxide
	California Prop. 65 No products were found.
Chemical Weapons Convention List	Schedule I Not listed
	Schedule II Not listed

Schedule III
Not listed

Section 16. Other Information

Revision Date

12/23/2015

Disclaimer

The data contained herein is based upon information that Soudal Accumetric believes to be reliable. Users of this product have the responsibility to determine that suitability of use and to adopt all necessary precautions to ensure the safety and protection of property and persons involved in said use. All statements or suggestions are made without warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy of the information, the hazards connected with the use of the material or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.